Use Your Classroom to Promote Diversity in Science



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By the end of the session, we should:

- have opened up a discussion around Diversity and inclusion in our science curriculum.
- be aware of possible avenues we could be exploring in our settings.
- be more aware of the importance of diverse role models.
- have signposted good quality resources that are easy to add to your curriculum while enriching your science lessons.

Introducing scientists to primary children

Why?

- Engagement
- Relevance
- Career
- Character building
- Science capital

Trew, A. J., Shallcross, R. and Redhead, K. (2020) Introducing scientists to primary children: Does this always enhance children's science capital? *Science Teacher Education*, **88**, 25–33. <u>www.ase.org.uk/resources/science-teacher-education/issue-88/introducing-scientists-</u> <u>primary-children-does-always</u>

Real issues, real questions

Who are the role models?

Where are the role models?

Why are there so few role models?





Real issues, real question

In 2018, Robert Mokaya discovered that he was the only Black chemistry professor in the United Kingdom. For a decade, he'd assumed there were others who he hadn't met — until investigations by the UK Royal Society of Chemistry revealed his lonely status. **"Somebody said to me, 'You're an endangered species. When you retire, there won't be any," he says. "It is a terrible statistic."**



Needing to see role models is not confined to children

'prospective students feel they won't belong on a course because they don't see people like themselves doing it, or because its contents don't reflect their culture or the contributions of people like them. '

"I haven't met a single Pakistani female principal investigator or lecturer, and I've been in academia for a decade," she says.

First degree

Postgraduate research



*The Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) follows UK census definitions in describing this category as 'Mixed'; it was renamed to the longer terminology in the UK 2021 census

A Scientist Just Like Me







Telma G. Laurentino Evolutionary Biologist



Hi there! I am Telma Laurentino – an evolutionary biologist



Where do I work?

I work in the USA, at Berkeley University! I have worked in Portugal and Switzerland too. Scientists move around a lot so we can learn from different places!

What did I like doing when I was at school?

I always loved to read and to play outside with friends, touching the world around me and wonder about how nature works!

What do I like doing in my spare time?

I love to go outside, explore nature and photograph animals and plants. I also love crafting with natural materials like feathers, rocks

What do I do as an evolutionary biologist?



I study how different animals adapt to changes in the environment. For example, I measure differences in the colour of lizards that live in white desert sands. I search for differences in their genes which might have allowed them to survive in such an extreme environment.

How does what I do make the world a better place?

Knowing about nature allows us to protect it. Knowing how other species adapt to changes in their native habitat, teaches us about evolution and the consequences of altering or destroying habitats.

What I like about my job

I love that I am constantly learning new skills needed to unveil nature's secrets, and that I get to study amazing places like the Amazon. I learn a lot from the local friends I make, and I get to teach others about evolution in our wonderful world!

Challenges I have faced



I have dyscalculia, so I need more practice than other people for the maths I need for laboratory work, to measure and calculate quantities, or when I am doing statistics on my nature data. Sometimes I can do it by myself, sometimes I ask help from my colleagues.

If you want to be an evolutionary biologist, you need:

- * to be creative and enjoy natural wonders and thinking about how and why living beings behave the way they do
- * to be curious and to turn your ideas into testable scientific questions
- * to be a team player as working with your colleagues really helps to find the best methods to study those questions in detail!





Discussion time

Would you like to be an evolutionary biologist like Telma Laurentino?
Why? Why not?



- What skills and interests do you already have that would help you become an evolutionary biologist?
- What new skills and knowledge would you need to develop?

Free supporting resources for evolutionary biology

The Big Jurassic Classroom - resources and information to support teachers with using their local environments to inspire interest in the UK's geological history. The resources include exciting activities for learning about rocks, fossils and evolution.

<u>I bet you didn't know...</u> articles use cutting-edge science research as a context for learning. Teacher Guides describing the research and activities and investigations for children can be used as classroom presentations. See:

- Some mammals have unusual backbones
- Bees and caterpillars can change the evolution of plants
- Evolution of life in cities
- Miracle healing could come from the axolotl

Created by the Primary Science Teaching Trust





How could you use these slideshows?





* Comparing multiple scientists in the same role

Complete a job application for the role

Assembly

- Careers week/Science week
- * Take it further.....extension

Guided reading

New : A Series of Videos

Helen Mason- Solar Physicists

Kelsey Byers- Evolutionary biologist

James Mortimer – Photo Chemist

Candy Jiang - Analytical Chemist

Emily Charlton - Immunologist

Broc Drury - Immunologist

Rafsan Choudhary- Mechanical Engineer

Pearl Agyakwa - Materials Scientist

Dr Pearl Agyakwa – Material Scientist



1001 Inventions

Whole school assembly showing Library of Secrets film

Focus activities and scientists for each year group.

Quiz sent out to families

Competition to make a model of the Elephant Clock

KS1 focus – Windmills

Y3 – Perfumes and stable structures

Y4 - Ink and paper, soap

Y5 – moon phase boxes, clinometer

Y6 – flying machines, toothpaste

Celebration Days

Exhibition of activities and scientist displays

Lush Company – bath bomb making with parents and

children

Mehndi

Calligraphy workshop

Hand massage and manicure

Food



NUSTEM – Primary Careers



https://nustem.uk/primarycareers/

https://wearetechwomen.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/women-in-tech-survey-2021-ipsos.pdf

Smashing Stereotypes



https://www.britishscienceweek.org/plan-your-activities/smashing-stereotypes/

https://wearetechwomen.com/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/women-in-tech-survey-2021-ipsos.pdf

People Like Us



<u>People Like Us</u> - a game-based resource for children aged 9-14 featuring films of diverse role models from ordinary backgrounds, all of whom had to overcome challenges at school or at home and now have found a job they love in STEM.





Other Useful Resources















Why Change what we have been doing?



- Prof Donald, from the University of Cambridge, told the Commons Science and Technology Committee it was "relevant" that "most of the images one sees of scientists, physicists, are white males".
- "If you are black or if you are a woman, you don't see yourself fitting in," she said.
- Teachers should try to <u>"actively counter</u>" messages from wider society that may discourage girls and children belonging to ethnic minorities from certain subjects, she added.

Why Change what we have been doing?

House of Commons Science and Technology Committee

<u>Diversity and inclusion in STEM Fifth Report of Session 2022–23 Report</u> (Ordered by the House of Commons to be printed 1 March 2023)

In schools, children's experiences in the classroom shape their life choices and outcomes. In our view, it is important that all children are able to see themselves in what they learn from an early age.

A diverse national curriculum—that contains female scientists, for example—is one low-cost way of ensuring this.

Similarly, the careers advice and support pupils receive from the earliest years should promote diverse and inclusive role models.

Children should see themselves in who they aspire to emulate, as we heard that those who were able to see themselves as scientists or engineers were more likely to pursue the required subjects.

• https://publications.parliament.uk/pa/cm5803/cmselect/cmsctech/95/summary.html

https://www.britishscienceassociation.org/Blog/bsa-response-to-diversity-and-inclusion-in-stem-inquiry