# **EARLY YEARS SCIENCE PROVISION MAP**

# Play, Observe & Ask



## **Sensory Play**

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**Learn:** the lifecycle of a frog

**You need:** toy frogs, tadpoles/froglets (or pictures or film clips of them), chia seeds, water, laminated arrows, tray

Soak chia seeds in water overnight until they swell to resemble frog spawn. Talk about the frog life cycle and show pictures/film clips.

### Play, observe & ask

- Can you describe how these feel to touch?
- Where do frogs come from?
- Can you use the resources to show me what happens to frog spawn?

## **Role Play**

Learn: how small animals move

**You need:** to have been on a minibeast hunt, watched film clips of minibeasts or other garden animals; fabrics to dress up, face masks

### Play, observe & ask:

- Can you pretend to be an animal?
- Can you show me how the animal moves?
- Can your friend guess which animal you are?
- Give us some clues Can you describe your animal? Can you tell us where it lives?

## **Outdoors**



**Learn:** where minibeasts live (habitats)

**You need:** crates, bricks, stones, sticks, straw to make a bug hotel, clipboards, magnifying glasses

#### Play, observe & ask:

- Have you ever seen a worm/beetle/caterpillar/woodlouse?
- How are their bodies different to ours?
- Where might we find these animals outside? Shall we look under stones?
- Why do you think they like living in these habitats? (damp, protection, food supply)
- How could we build them a bug hotel? (Stack crates and ask the children to fill the spaces with sticks, bricks, stones, straw, etc.)

### Construction

Learn: some animals live in nests.

**You need:** twigs, moss, leaves (could be collected by children on a nature walk), bird's nest or picture of a nest

### Play, observe & ask:

- What do you think it is like to live in this nest?
- How does the bird stay warm and dry?
- How do young birds stay safe?
- Can you build a nest for a bird?

# **ANIMALS IN MY GARDEN**



#### **Small World**



**Learn:** to name and describe small garden animals **You need:** samples of leaves and flowers from a garden, mini logs, artificial grass and plastic minibeasts that might live in a garden (or pictures or insect blocks), magnifiers

#### Play, observe & ask:

- Do you know the names of these animals/plants?
- How many legs/wings do they have?
- How are these animals similar?
- How are these animals different?
- Can you sort these animals? How did you do that?

# **Malleable Play**



**Learn:** to name and describe animal body parts

**You need:** modelling clay (e.g. Play-Doh\* or Plasticine\*) or foil

### Play observe & ask:

- Can you use the modelling clay to make a model animal?
- What body parts does it have?
- Can your friend guess what your animal is?

# **Water Play**

**Learn:** to name and describe some aquatic animals

**You need:** water tray or paddling pool, plastic fish, frogs, snails, fishing nets, sorting hoops

Encourage the children use the nets to 'catch' the animals.

### Play, observe & ask:

- What animals might we find in a garden pond?
- What makes these animals able to live in water? (gills, fins, etc.)
- How are these animals similar/different?
- How could we sort them?

# **Key Science Vocabulary**

body parts - tail, claws, fins, gills, wings, etc.

large animals (mammals) – frog, squirrel, cat, mouse, rat, rabbit, fox, badger

birds – blackbird, robin, sparrow, blue tit, crow, etc.

minibeasts – worm, beetle, insect, spider, woodlouse, caterpillar, butterfly, etc.

life cycle, frog, frogspawn, tadpole, froglet, grow, change

## **Further Science**

Pets – Find out what animals the children have at home. Can any visit the class? How are they looked after?

Mother and baby animals – matching, naming and talking about body changes during growth.

Lifecycle of a butterfly - see PSTT's Early Years Provison Map for 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar'.

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